

#_ the Jupyter Notebook Cheat Sheet

1. Keyboard Shortcuts:

- **General:**
 - **Shift + Enter:** Run the current cell.
 - **Alt + Enter:** Run current cell and insert a new one below.
 - **Ctrl + S:** Save the notebook.
 - **Cell Editing:**
 - **Enter:** Edit a cell.
 - **Esc:** Exit cell editing.
 - **A:** Insert cell above.
 - **B:** Insert cell below.
 - **D, D:** Delete current cell.
 - **Z:** Undo cell deletion.
 - **C:** Copy cell.
 - **X:** Cut cell.
 - **V:** Paste cell below.
 - **Shift + V:** Paste cell above.
 - **Shift + M:** Merge multiple selected cells.
 - **I, I:** Interrupt kernel.
 - **0, 0:** Restart kernel.
 - **Cell Type:**
 - **Y:** Change to Code.
 - **M:** Change to Markdown.
 - **R:** Change to Raw.
 - **Navigation:**
 - **Ctrl + Shift + -:** Split cell at cursor.
 - **Shift + Space:** Scroll notebook up.
 - **Space:** Scroll notebook down.
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2. Markdown Basics:

- **Headers:** # for H1, ## for H2, etc.
- **Bold Text:** ****text**** or **__text__**

- **Italic Text:** `*text*` or `_text_`
 - **Hyperlink:** `[Link Text](URL)`
 - **Ordered List:** Starting lines with numbers.
 - **Unordered List:** Using `*` or `-` followed by a space.
 - **Code in Markdown:** Enclosed with ```
 - **Block of Code:** Enclosed with triple backticks `````
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3. Magic Commands:

- **%run:** Execute Python script.
 - **%load:** Load Python script into cell.
 - **%time:** Time execution of a statement.
 - **%timeit:** Time a statement with multiple runs.
 - **%who:** List variables in namespace.
 - **%history:** Show command input history.
 - **%pwd:** Current directory.
 - **%ls:** List directory content.
 - **%matplotlib inline:** Displays Matplotlib plot outputs inline within the frontends.
 - **%cd:** Change the current working directory.
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4. Tips & Tricks:

- **Shift + Tab:** Tool-tip with function signature and docstring.
- **?** after a function: Help for that function.
- **!:** Execute system shell commands.
- **%%bash:** Run cell in Bash mode.
- **{}**: Embed variable in shell command, e.g., `!echo {variable_name}`
- **Tab Completion:** Tab to autocomplete variables, functions, etc.
- **Function Docstrings:** **Shift + Tab** on a function name to see its docstring.
- **Multicursor support:** Holding **Alt** and dragging the mouse.

5. Performance:

- **Profiler:** Use `%prun` to see how time is spent in a function.
 - **Debugger:** Use `%debug` after an exception to step into the Python debugger.
 - **Memory:** Use `%memit` (needs the `memory_profiler` extension) to measure memory use in a cell.
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6. Display & Widgets:

- `%matplotlib inline`: Display plots in the notebook.
 - `from IPython.display import display, Image, SVG, Math, YouTubeVideo`: Display various formats in your notebook.
 - `import ipywidgets as widgets`: Create interactive widgets.
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7. Jupyter Ecosystem:

- **JupyterLab:** Advanced interface with more features.
 - **JupyterHub:** Multi-user Jupyter for teams.
 - **Voilà:** Turn notebooks into standalone web apps.
 - **Binder:** Share live, interactive versions of your notebooks.
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8. Extensions & Widgets:

- **Jupyter-contrib:** Collection of extensions.
- **Jupyter-widgets:** Provides interactive widgets for the notebook.
- **Qgrid:** Widget for manipulating DataFrames.
- **Rise:** Turn Jupyter notebooks into slideshows.
- `!pip install jupyterthemes`: To customize or theme your notebooks.
- `!jt -l`: List available themes.
- `!jt -t THEME_NAME`: Set a theme.

9. Plotting & Visualization:

- **Seaborn:** Advanced statistical plots.
 - **Plotly:** For interactive plots.
 - **Bokeh:** Another interactive plotting library.
 - **`%matplotlib inline`:** For inline display of plots.
 - **`import matplotlib.pyplot as plt`:** Standard way to import the plotting library.
 - **`plt.plot(x, y)`:** Plot y versus x as lines.
 - **`plt.xlabel('Name')`:** Label x-axis.
 - **`plt.ylabel('Name')`:** Label y-axis.
 - **`plt.title('Title')`:** Set a title.
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10. Exporting & Conversion:

- **To HTML:** Exporting the notebook as an HTML file.
 - **To PDF:** Exporting the notebook as a PDF.
 - **To Markdown:** Conversion to a markdown file.
 - **To Python (.py):** Converts the notebook to a standard Python script.
 - **Jupyter nbconvert:** Command-line tool to convert notebooks.
 - **`jupyter nbconvert --to FORMAT notebook_name.ipynb`:** Convert notebook to different formats (like HTML, PDF, Slides).
 - **`!jupyter nbconvert --to pdf MyNotebook.ipynb`:** Convert notebook to PDF directly from a cell.
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11. Advanced Features:

- **Interactive Outputs:** Widgets and interactive plots.
- **Profiling Code:** Using `%prun` for performance profiling.
- **LaTeX in Markdown:** For displaying mathematical symbols and equations.
- **Big Data Integration:** Using Dask or Vaex for large datasets.
- **Git Integration:** Integrating with Git for version control.

12. Troubleshooting & Debugging:

- **Clear Outputs:** Clears the output display.
 - **Check For Updates:** Regularly update for new features and security patches.
 - **Debugger:** `%debug` magic command after an exception is raised.
 - **Logging:** Integrating Python logging module.
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13. Extensions for Collaboration:

- **JupyterHub:** Multi-user version of the notebook.
 - **Binder:** Turns notebooks into interactive web apps.
 - **Google Colab:** Google's free cloud service based on Jupyter.
 - **nbdime:** Tool for diffing and merging notebooks.
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14. Security:

- **Token:** Secure way Jupyter ensures browser-to-server communication.
 - **SSL:** Setting up SSL for encrypted communication.
 - **Server Password:** Setting a password for the notebook server.
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15. Customization & Configuration:

- **Startup Files:** Executing scripts upon kernel startup.
 - **Custom Themes:** Using Jupyter themes for aesthetics.
 - **Extensions Configuration:** Customizing and toggling extensions.
 - **Keyboard Shortcuts:** Customizing and adding new shortcuts.
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16. Integration with Other Tools:

- **Pandas:** For data manipulation.
- **Numpy:** For numerical operations.
- **Scikit-learn:** For machine learning.

- **TensorFlow and PyTorch:** For deep learning.
 - **SQL Integration:** Magic command `%sql` for inline SQL commands.
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17. Best Practices:

- **Regular Saves:** To prevent data loss.
- **Version Control:** Using Git for tracking changes.
- **Modular Code:** Keeping the notebook organized.
- **Comments:** Adequately commenting for clarity.
- **Clean Outputs Before Save:** Especially if sharing notebooks.